

IN THE CLAIMS:

The text of all pending claims, (including withdrawn claims) is set forth below. Cancelled and not entered claims are indicated with claim number and status only. The claims as listed below show added text with underlining and deleted text with ~~striketrough~~. The status of each claim is indicated with one of (ORIGINAL), (CURRENTLY AMENDED), (CANCELLED), (WITHDRAWN), (NEW), (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED), OR (NOT ENTERED).

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A simulation apparatus for simulating a receiving characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, comprising:

- a first current calculation device calculating current values of the generation source using simultaneous equations of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the generation source having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;
- a current storage device storing the current values of the generation source;
- a second current calculation device calculating current values of the object using simultaneous equations of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements and a positional relationship between the generation source and object changes, the simultaneous equations of the object having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns and the current values stored in the current storage device as constants; and
- an output device calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object and outputting the receiving characteristic of the object, and
- wherein simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

2. (ORIGINAL) The simulation apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said second current calculation device includes a device calculating mutual impedance between elements of the object, a device calculating mutual impedance between an element of the generation source and an element of the object and a matrix storage device storing matrix data of mutual impedance between elements of the object, calculates mutual impedance between an element

of the generation source and an element of the object corresponding to a new position when a position of the generation source changes, generates simultaneous equations of the object corresponding to the new position using the matrix data stored in the matrix storage device as a coefficient matrix and calculates new current values.

3. (ORIGINAL) The simulation apparatus according to claim 2, wherein said second current calculation device further includes a factorization device factorizing the coefficient matrix by a prescribed factorization method and said matrix storage device stores matrix data of a factorized coefficient matrix.

4. (ORIGINAL) The simulation apparatus according to claim 1, further comprising a judging device judging whether a calculation method in which the current values of the generation source are regarded as constants can be used, wherein said second current calculation device calculates the current values of the object using the simultaneous equations of the object if the calculation method can be used.

5. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A simulation apparatus for simulating a directivity characteristic of ~~an~~ any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a transmitting antenna, comprising:

a first current calculation device calculating current values of the transmitting antenna using simultaneous equations of the transmitting antenna when the transmitting antenna is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the transmitting antenna having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;

a current storage device storing the current values of the transmitting antenna;

a matrix storage device storing matrix data of mutual impedance between elements of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements;

a device calculating mutual impedance between an element of the transmitting antenna and an element of the object for each angle of the transmitting antenna against the object;

a second current calculation device generating simultaneous equations of the object for each angle of the transmitting antenna using currents that flow through respective elements of the object as unknowns, matrix data stored in the matrix storage device as a coefficient matrix and both the current values stored in the current storage device and the mutual impedance between the element of the transmitting antenna and the element of the object as constants, and calculating current values of the object; and

an output device calculating the directivity characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object and outputting the directivity characteristic of the object, and

wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave transmitted from the transmitting antenna and the simultaneous equations of the directivity characteristic of the object are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave transmitted from the transmitting antenna as constants, and the current values of the radio wave transmitted from the transmitting antenna and the current values ~~f~~of the directivity characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

6. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A simulation apparatus for simulating a receiving characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, comprising:

an impedance storage device storing both data of mutual impedance between elements of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements and data of mutual impedance between elements of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements as data independent from a position of the generation source;

a device calculating mutual impedance between an element of the generation source and an element of the object corresponding to a new position when the position of the generation source changes;

a current calculation device calculating current values using simultaneous equations having currents that flow through respective elements of both the generation source and object as unknowns and having a matrix consisting of the data stored in the impedance storage device and the mutual impedance between the element of the generation source and the element of the object as a coefficient matrix; and

an output device calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values and outputting the receiving characteristic of the object, and

wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

7. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A computer-readable storage medium on which is recorded a program process for controlling and enabling a computer to simulate a receiving

characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, said process comprising:

- calculating current values of the generation source using simultaneous equations of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the generation source having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;

- storing the current values of the generation source;

- calculating current values of the object using simultaneous equations of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements and a positional relationship between the generation source and object changes, the simultaneous equations of the object having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns and the stored current values as constants;

- calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object; and

- outputting the receiving characteristic of the object, and

- wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A propagation signal for propagating ~~to a computer a~~ program used to direct a computer data signal embodied on a carrier expressing a program used to direct a computer to perform a process for enabling the computer to simulate a receiving characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, said process comprising:

- calculating current values of the generation source using simultaneous equations of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the generation source having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;

- storing the current values of the generation source;

- calculating current values of the object using simultaneous equations of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements and a positional relationship between the generation source and object changes, the simultaneous equations of the object having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns and the stored current values as constants;

calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object; and

outputting the receiving characteristic of the object, and

wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object ~~is~~are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A ~~simulation method for~~method of simulating a receiving characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, comprising:

generating simultaneous equations of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the generation source having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;

calculating current values of the generation source using the simultaneous equations of the object;

preserving the current values of the generation source;

generating simultaneous equations of the object according to a position of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the object having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns and the preserved current values as constants;

calculating current values of the object corresponding to the position of the object using the simultaneous equations of the object;

calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object; and

~~presenting~~outputting the receiving characteristic of the object on an output device, and

wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object are separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A simulation apparatus for simulating a receiving characteristic of ~~an~~any object that receives a radio wave transmitted from a radio wave generation source, comprising:

first current calculation means for calculating current values of the generation source using simultaneous equations of the generation source when the generation source is divided into a plurality of elements, the simultaneous equations of the generation source having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns;

current storage means for storing the current values of the generation source;

second current calculation means for calculating current values of the object using simultaneous equations of the object when the object is divided into a plurality of elements and a positional relationship between the generation source and object changes, the simultaneous equations of the object having currents that flow through respective elements as unknowns and the current values stored in the current storage means as constants; and

output means for calculating the receiving characteristic of the object based on the current values of the object and outputting the receiving characteristic of the object, and

wherein the simultaneous equations of the radio wave generation source and the simultaneous equations of the receiving characteristic of the object is separated by regarding the current values of the radio wave generation source as constants, and the current values of the radio wave generation source and the current values of the receiving characteristic of the object are separately calculated.

11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of simulating a received characteristic of ~~an~~any object receiving a radio wave from a radio wave source using a computer, comprising:

calculating current values of the source;

storing the current values as constants;~~and~~

calculating current values of the object using the constants; and

outputting the receiving characteristic of the object on an output device.

12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method of simulating a received characteristic of ~~an~~any object receiving a radio wave from a radio wave source using a computer, comprising:

calculating current values of the source;

storing the current values as constants;

calculating current values of the object using the constants;

changing a relative position of the object and source;~~and~~

calculating current values of the object with the changed relative position using the constants; and
outputting the receiving characteristic of the object on an output device.